



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

Yet the writer believes that it is practicable, by efforts within ordinary abilities, properly assisted, to acquire a fair working knowledge of Code practice."

The work accordingly presents a logical arrangement of the subjects of which the Code treats, the many provisions upon one subject being collected from the various portions of the Code's tortuous length. Obscurities are made clear by explanations based upon the general rules of practice and the decisions of the courts. Beginning with the methods of commencing an action, the book considers the pleadings, the trial, the judgment, the parties to actions, incidental practice, evidence in its relation to procedure, provisional remedies, the so-called state-writs, and finally certain actions about which there are special regulations. Mr. Miller has put his material into such readable form that the book is a very interesting one. It is particularly valuable for preparation for bar examinations.

---

**THE TRUTH ABOUT THE TRUSTS.** A Description and Analysis of the American Trust Movement. By John Moody. New York: Moody Publishing Company. 1904. pp. 514. 8vo.

For readers seeking information regarding the investment standing of the industrial trusts, the present book, compiled from investors' journals, corporation manuals, and general periodicals, will prove valuable. It tells, by quotations from balance-sheets, prospectuses, and newspapers, the history and the present standing of seven of the chief trusts and eighty lesser trusts. It comprises accounts of present — though possibly ephemeral — interest regarding the industrial trusts in process of reorganization, and articles on the great railroad and public service systems. Accompanying these articles are several charts, and chapters upon particular phases of the trust problem. The charts which purport to trace the division of the industrial field between the Rockefeller and the Morgan interests, like most graphic explanations of hazy facts, are exaggerations, and do little more than reflect the newspaper gossip of the moment. The chapters on *The Dominating Influences of the Trusts* and *The Chief Characteristics of the Trusts* are cursory. The book commends itself by its elaborate statistics rather than by its discussion of the trust movement.

---

**THE LIFE OF JOHN MARSHALL.** By Henry Flanders. Philadelphia: T. & J. W. Johnson & Co. 1904. pp. x, 278. 8vo.

This is a republication in separate form of a life of Marshall which first appeared in the author's "Lives and Times of the Chief Justices," published in 1875. As that biography has persisted as a comprehensive and sympathetic handling of its great subject, the publishers are justified in making it more easily available. It is not so simply and beautifully told, perhaps, as the little biography by the late Professor Thayer, and one misses the discriminating treatment by his masterly hand of the position of the Chief Justice in constitutional law, but it contains a more minute account of Marshall's career, with numerous quotations from his speeches and opinions, and much of peculiar interest about his private life and character. As a frontispiece there is a reproduction in photogravure of the famous Inman portrait. Books of this sort give refreshing glimpses at the human side of the finding of the law by the courts.

---

**THE CODE OF HAMMURABI, KING OF BABYLON.** About 2250 B. C. Auto-graphed text transliteration, translation, glossary, index of subjects; lists of proper names, signs, numerals, corrections and erasures, with map, frontispiece, and photograph of text. By Robert Francis Harper, Professor of Semitic Languages in the University of Chicago. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press. London: Luzac & Company. 1904. pp. xv, 192. 102 plates. 8vo.